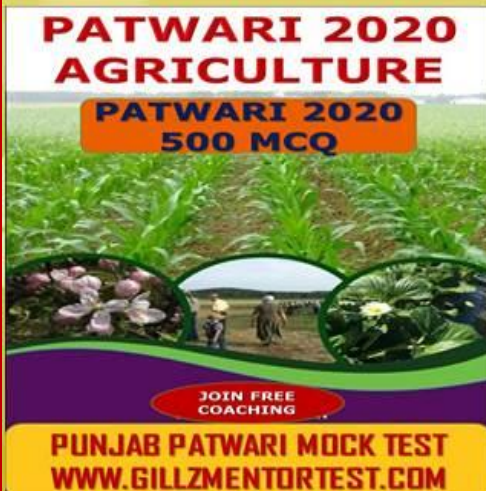


# MISSION PATWARI 2020

**BEST 1000 MCQ**

**7**

**AGRICULTURE**



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**1000 T AGRICULTURE MCQ PART-7**

**21. Farming can be classified into how many types ?**

1. Three
2. One
3. Two
4. Four
5. None of these

Answer – **3. Two**

**Explanation :**

Two Types

1. Subsistence Farming
2. Commercial Farming

**22. Which type of agriculture is also known as 'Slash and burn farming' ?**

1. Subsistence Farming
2. Mixed Agriculture
3. Plantation Agriculture
4. Shifting Agriculture
5. Mixed Farming

Answer – **4. Shifting Agriculture**

**Explanation :**

Slash and burn farming is a form of shifting agriculture where the natural vegetation is cut down and burned as a method of clearing the land for cultivation, and then, when the plot becomes infertile,

the farmer moves to a new fresh plot and does the same again. This process is repeated over and over.

**23..... is an ecological system of agriculture**

- 1.Nomadic herding
- 2.Primitive Subsistence Farming
- 3.Intensive Subsistence Farming
- 4.Shifting Cultivation
- 5.None of these

Answer – **1.Nomadic herding**

**Explanation :**

Nomadic herding is an ecological or near ecological system of agriculture. It is carried on mainly to produce food for the family.It is Practised in the arid region like J & K and Rajasthan.

**24.Which of the following is the branch of agriculture concerned with the raising of livestock ?**

- 1.Horticulture
- 2.Agronomy
- 3.Polyculture
- 4.Herding
- 5.Pastoralism

Answer – **5.Pastoralism**

**Explanation :**

Pastoralism is the branch of agriculture concerned with the raising of livestock. It is animal husbandry: the care, tending and use of animals such as camels, goats, cattle, yaks, llamas, and sheep

**25.Golden fiber is the other name of .....**

- 1.Jute
- 2.Wheat
- 3.Maize
- 4.Honey
- 5.None of these

Answer – **1.Jute**

**Explanation :**

“Jute” is the name of the plant or fiber that is used to make burlap, hessian or gunny cloth. Jute is also called the golden fiber for its color and high cash value.

**26.Water logging is essential for which crop cultivation ?**

- 1.Tobacco
- 2.Mustard
- 3.Wheat
- 4.Rice
- 5.All of these

Answer – **4.Rice**

**Explanation :**

Waterlogging refers to the saturation of soil with water. It is required for the cultivation of

**27.The Public distribution system (PDS) administrated by which ministry ?**

- 1.Ministry of Agriculture and Farmers Welfare
- 2.Ministry of Finance
- 3.Ministry of Home Affairs
- 4.Ministry of Consumer Affairs, Food and Public Distribution
- 5.None of these

Answer – **4.Ministry of Consumer Affairs, Food and Public Distribution**

**Explanation :**

Public distribution system (PDS) is an Indian food security system. Established by the Government of India under Ministry of Consumer Affairs, Food, and Public Distribution are managed jointly by state governments in India, it distributes subsidized food and non-food items to India's poor. This scheme was launched in India on June 1997.

**28.Right to Food act was introduced in which year ?**

- 1.2010
- 2.2012
- 3.2014
- 4.2011
- 5.2013

Answer – **5.2013**

**Explanation :**

The National Food Security Act, 2013 (also Right to Food Act) is an Act of the Parliament of India which aims to provide subsidized food grains to approximately two thirds of India's 1.2 billion people. It was signed into law on 12 September 2013, retroactive to 5 July 2013

**29.The basic unit of planning under the Integrated Rural Development Programme is**

- 1.Family
- 2.Village
- 3.District
- 4.All of these
- 5.None of these

Answer – **1.Family**

**Explanation :**

The Integrated Rural Development Programme (IRDP) is a rural development program of the Government of India launched in financial year 1978 and extended throughout India by 1980.

**30..... is selected as basic unit of development under Integrated Rural Development Programme (IRDP).**

- 1.Municipality
- 2.Block
- 3.District
- 4.Village
- 5.Land

Answer – **4.Village**

**Explanation :**

Basic unit of planning is family and basic unit of development is village under Integrated Rural Development Programme (IRDP)

**31.The spatial arrangement of crops in a particular area is known as**

- 1.Crop topography
- 2.Crop & Land Ratio
- 3.Cropping Index
- 4.Cropping pattern
- 5.None of these

Answer – **4.Cropping pattern**

**Explanation :**

Cropping pattern means the proportion of area under various crops at a point of time. The crop statistics published by the governments are used to denote the cropping patterns.

**32.Which is a Plan analyst for assessing requirements for nutrients for crop production?**

- 1.Crop texture
- 2.Crop table
- 3.Crop logging
- 4.Crop Salinity
- 5.None of these



Answer – **3.Crop logging**

**Explanation :**

Crop logging is a useful tool to keep track of the nutrient status of fruit trees. Crop logging can help extension personnel and farmers diagnose possible nutrient deficiency or toxicity problems and schedule fertilizer practices.

**33. What is millet in agriculture ?**

- 1.Large seeded grasses
- 2.Cultivated for their edible dry seeds
- 3.Small seeded grasses
- 4.Millets are poor in nutrient content
- 5.None of these

Answer – **3.Small seeded grasses**

**Explanation :**

Millets are a group of highly variable small-seeded grasses, widely grown around the world as cereal crops or grains for fodder and human food.

**34.The Rent theory of profit is given by whom ?**

- 1.Rachel Carson
- 2.John Deere
- 3.Cyrus McCormick
- 4.Prof F. A. Walker
- 5.None of these

Answer – **4.Prof F. A. Walker**

**Explanation :**

Prof F. A. Walker propounded the theory of profit, known as rent theory of profit. According to him "as rent is the difference between least and most fertile land similarly, profit is the difference between earnings of the least and most efficient entrepreneurs.

**35. Which of the following is an example of parallel cropping ?**

- 1.Wheat+Mustard
- 2.Rice+Sugercane
- 3.Tomatoes + Onions + Marigold
- 4.Rice+Tomato
- 5.None of these

Answer – **1.Wheat+Mustard**

**Explanation :**

Parallel Cropping: Under this cropping two crops are selected which have different growth habits and have a zero competition between each other

**36. The Cultivation of Mango with rice is an example of**

1. Multiple cropping
2. Multi-storied cropping
3. Agro-forestry
4. Parallel cropping
5. None of these

Answer – **3. Agro-forestry**

**Explanation :**

When crops are grown along with the agricultural crops ( annual crop ) and livestock, then it is called agroforestry.

Example mango with rice.

**37. Crops are grown between the rows of trees or shrubs is a type of which cropping ?**

1. Ally cropping
2. Agro-forestry
3. Augument cropping
4. Synergistic cropping
5. None of these

Answer – **1. Ally cropping**

**Explanation :**

When annual crops are grown between the rows of trees or shrubs, it is called ally cropping. We can get fertilizer, mulch material and livestock feed from pruning of the trees and shrubs.

**38. Which of the following true with respect to Parallel cropping ?**

1. Two crops have different growth habit
2. Two crops are grown in a same time,
3. Two crops have different growth habit
4. Both 1 and 2
5. Both 1 and 3

Answer – **4. Both 1 and 2**

**Explanation :**

When two crops are grown in a same time in a particular land as parallel to each other but those crops have different growth habits, no competition and they can express their full yield potential, then it is called parallel cropping.

**39. Re-harvesting is also known as**

1. Synergetic Cropping
2. Live Mulch System
3. Ratooning
4. Solid Planting
5. None of these

Answer – **3.Ratooning**

**Explanation :**

Ratoon cropping is growing a fresh crop from the stubbles or suckers of the plant crop without replanting. It is also referred to as stubble cropping, re-harvesting.

**40.Growing two or more crops in the same piece of land during a single season is**

- 1.Mixed Farming
- 2.Multiple Cropping
- 3.Mixed Cropping
- 4.Monoculture
- 5.None of these

Answer – **2.Multiple**

**Cropping**

**Explanation :**

In agriculture, multiple cropping is the practice of growing two or more crops in the same piece of land during a single growing season. It is a form of polyculture

Ex: tomatoes + onions + marigold